

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) An organic electroluminescent device comprising in the following order:

a hole injection electrode;

a first hole injection layer formed directly on the hole injection electrode having a property of absorbing ultraviolet light and including a copper phthalocyanine;

a second hole injection layer including a fluorocarbon formed directly on the first hole injection layer;

a light emitting layer; and

an electron injection electrode formed ~~directly~~ on the light emitting layer.

2. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said first hole injection layer absorbs not less than 10% of ultraviolet light having a wavelength shorter than 380 nm.

Claims 3-9 (Cancelled)

10. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said first hole injection layer has a thickness not smaller than 5 nm.

11. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said first hole injection layer has a thickness not larger than 15 nm.

12. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said second hole injection layer has a thickness not smaller than 0.5 nm.
13. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said second hole injection layer has a thickness not larger than 3 nm.
14. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an organic electroluminescent device comprising the steps of:
 - forming a hole injection electrode;
 - forming a first hole injection layer directly on the hole injection electrode, the first hole injection layer including a copper phthalocyanine and having a property of absorbing ultraviolet light;
 - forming a second hole injection layer directly on the first hole injection layer by plasma chemical vapor deposition, the second hole injection layer including a fluorocarbon;
 - forming a light emitting layer above the second hole injection layer; and
 - forming an electron injection electrode ~~directly~~ on the light emitting layer.